§§ 762.151-762.158

are not available for the additional interest assistance, then the rescheduling will not be approved by the Agency. In no case will the subsidy be extended more than 10 years from the effective date of the first interest assistance agreement signed by the loan applicant or by anyone who signed the note or line of credit agreement.

- (5) In cases where the interest on a loan covered by an interest assistance agreement is reduced by court order in a reorganization plan under the bankruptcy code, interest assistance agreement will be terminated effective on the date of the court ordered interest reduction. The lender will file a claim due through the effective date of the court ordered interest reduction. Guaranteed loans which have had their interest reduced by bankruptcy court order are not eligible to receive interest assistance.
- (6) For Loan Guarantees held by holders, Agency purchase of the guaranteed portion of a loan will stop interest assistance payments on that portion. Interest assistance payments will cease upon termination of the Loan Guarantee, upon reaching the expiration date contained in the agreement or upon cancellation by the Agency.
- (7) When a borrower defaults on a loan, interest assistance may be considered in conjunction with a rescheduling action in accordance with §762.145(b). After the meeting required by §762.143(b)(3) and consideration of actions to correct the delinquency, the lender will notify the Agency of the results of the meeting. If the restructuring proposal includes interest assistance, the lender will provide the items required by paragraph (d) of this section in addition to those items required by §762.145. Liquidation must not be initiated, except in accordance with §762.143(b)(3)(v).
- (h) Cancellation of interest assistance agreement. The interest assistance agreement is incontestable except for fraud or misrepresentation, of which the lender and borrower have actual knowledge at the time that the interest assistance agreement is executed, or which the lender or borrower participates in or condones.
- (i) Adjustment of assistance level between review dates. After the initial or

renewal request for interest assistance is processed, no adjustments can be made until the next review or adjustment date except when necessary to service the loan with a rescheduling or deferral.

- (j) Excessive interest assistance. Upon written notice to the lender, borrower and any holder, the Agency may amend or cancel the interest assistance agreement and collect from the lender any amount of interest Assistance granted which resulted from incomplete or inaccurate information, an error in computation, or any other reason which resulted in payment that the lender was not entitled to receive.
- (k) The Deputy Administrator for Farm Loan Programs has the authority to grant an exception to any requirement involving interest Assistance if it is in the best interest of the Government.

[64 FR 7378, Feb. 12, 1999; 64 FR 38298, July 16, 1999, as amended at 66 FR 7567, Jan. 24, 2001]

§§ 762.151-762.158 [Reserved]

§ 762.159 Pledging of guarantee.

A lender may pledge all or part of the guaranteed or unguaranteed portion of the loan as security to a Federal Home Loan Bank, a Federal Reserve Bank, a Farm Credit System Bank, or any other funding source determined acceptable by the Agency.

[70 FR 56107, Sept. 26, 2005]

§ 762.160 Assignment of guarantee.

- (a) The following general requirements apply to assigning guaranteed loans:
- (1) Subject to Agency concurrence, the lender may assign all or part of the guaranteed portion of the loan to one or more holders at or after loan closing, if the loan is not in default. However, a line of credit cannot be assigned. The lender must always retain the unguaranteed portion in their portfolio, regardless of how the loan is funded.
- (2) The Agency may refuse to execute the Assignment of Guarantee and prohibit the assignment in case of the following:
- (i) The Agency purchased and is holder of a loan that was assigned by the

lender that is requesting the assignment.

- (ii) The lender has not complied with the reimbursement requirements of §762.144(c)(7), except when the 180 day reimbursement or liquidation requirement has been waived by the Agency.
- (3) The lender will provide the Agency with copies of all appropriate forms used in the assignment.
- (4) The guaranteed portion of the loan may not be assigned by the lender until the loan has been fully disbursed to the borrower.
- (5) The lender is not permitted to assign any amount of the guaranteed or unguaranteed portion of the loan to the loan applicant or borrower, or members of their immediate families, their officers, directors, stockholders, other owners, or any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate.
- (6) Upon the lender's assignment of the guaranteed portion of the loan, the lender will remain bound to all obligations indicated in the Guarantee, Lender's Agreement, the Agency program regulations, and to future program regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of the Lenders Agreement. The lender retains all rights under the security instruments for the protection of the lender and the United States.
- (b) The following will occur upon the lender's assignment of the guaranteed portion of the loan:
- (1) The holder will succeed to all rights of the Guarantee pertaining to the portion of the loan assigned.
- (2) The lender will send the holder the borrower's executed note attached to the Guarantee.
- (3) The holder, upon written notice to the lender and the Agency, may assign the unpaid guaranteed portion of the loan. The holder must assign the guaranteed portion back to the original lender if requested for servicing or liquidation of the account.
- (4) The Guarantee or Assignment of Guarantee in the holder's possession does not cover:
- (i) Interest accruing 90 days after the holder has demanded repurchase by the lender, except as provided in the Assignment of Guarantee and §762.144(c)(3)(iii).
- (ii) Interest accruing 90 days after the lender or the Agency has requested

the holder to surrender evidence of debt repurchase, if the holder has not previously demanded repurchase.

(c) Negotiations concerning premiums, fees, and additional payments for loans are to take place between the holder and the lender. The Agency will participate in such negotiations only as a provider of information.

[70 FR 56107, Sept. 26, 2005]

PART 764—EMERGENCY FARM LOANS

LOANS

764.1 Purpose.

764.2 Definitions

764.3 Emergency loan funds uses.

764.4 Eligibility requirements.

764.5 Limitations.

764.6 Interest rate.

764.7 Loan terms.

764.8 Repayment and security requirements.

764.9 Appraisal and valuation requirements.

764.10 Insurance for loan security.

764.11 Charges and fees.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301 and 7 U.S.C. 1989.

Source: 67 FR 795, Jan. 8, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

§764.1 Purpose.

The purpose of the Emergency Loan Program is to provide financial assistance to family farmers who have suffered losses as the result of a disaster so that they can return to normal farming operations as soon as possible after the disaster. Specifically, this part describes the policies and procedures of the Agency for making Emergency loans to operators of such farms.

§ 764.2 Definitions.

Act means the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 *et seq.*).

Additional security means property that provides security in excess of the amount of security value equal to the loan amount, excluding security described in §764.8(g).

Adequate security means property that provides a security value at least equal to the loan amount.

Agency means the Farm Service Agency, including its employees, any predecessor agency, and any successor agency.